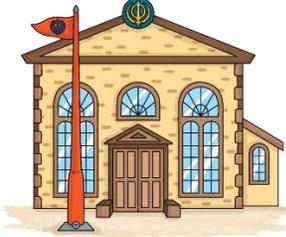


West Kirby Primary School		Sikhism	RE Spring 1 2024 UKS2
<u>Vocabulary</u>		<u>Place of Worship</u>	<u>Key Beliefs</u>
Sikh	Someone who follows Sikhism	 <p>Gurdwara</p> <p>Every Gurdwara has: a flag outside, a copy of the Guru Granth Sahib, a diwan hall (or worship room) and a langar.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Sikhism is a monotheistic religion (belief in one god) that originated in India in the Punjab region. It is one of the youngest of the major religions having begun around the end of the 15th Century and is the fifth largest organised religion in the world. The word Khalsa means 'to be pure, clear and free from'. There is an initiation ceremony and rules of conduct for Khalsa warriors. Upon initiation, male Khalsa Sikhs are given the title Singh and females Kaur. Today Sikhs usually join the Khalsa when they are teenagers. They wear 5 special items to show their commitment. The Five Ks: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Kanga – comb Kesh – uncut hair Kara – bangle Kirpan – dagger Kachera – shorts
Guru	A spiritual leader.		
Guru Nanak	The founder of Sikhism.		
Punjab	A region in Northwest India.		
Gurdwara	A Sikh place of worship		
		<u>Religious Text</u>	
Langar	A special meal shared after services in the Gurdwara.	 <p>Guru Granth Sahib</p> <p>Sikhs think of it as a living Guru.</p>	
Sewa	Means selfless service.		
Guru Gobind	The final human Guru who created the Khalsa.		
		<u>Religious symbol</u>	<u>Key Stories</u>
Khalsa	The community of Sikhs who committed to their beliefs.	 <p>Khanda</p>	Story of Guru Nanak.
The 5 Ks	Items that the Khalsa Sikhs wear to show their commitment.		

